

# Business Enabling Environment and the Value Chain 'The Path to Strategic Policy Reform'

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# THE PATH TO STRATEGIC POLICY REFORM

- How to put policy reform into a more <u>coherent</u> <u>structure</u>
- How to choose among policy reform <u>options</u>
- How to ensure that your policy reform program supports your other objectives

## CHALLENGES TO POLICY REFORM

- Difficult to <u>MOVE BEYOND simple ranking</u> and long lists of options
- Hard to identify logical <u>POINT OF ENTRY</u> or starting point
- <u>TIMING</u> of reforms is often tricky and unclear
- <u>DIFFICULT TO IDENTIFY</u> all the <u>CHALLENGES</u> of a reform program
- It is <u>RISKY</u>

## WHAT IS SUCCESS?

- It's NOT changing laws
- It's changed implementation of the laws
- It's <u>changed regulatory burdens</u>
- It's <u>changed business relationships</u>

This is what we want from policy reform!

What can you do to achieve this?

# **MULTIPLE POINTS OF ENTRY**

Entry points traditionally selected on basis of ...

Ad hoc	e.g. Mission Director meets with Minister and says, "This Minister is great. We should meet with him because he cares about policy!"		
Target of opportunity	e.g. Government expresses interest in particular area, such as business registration reform		
Barrier in programming	e.g. Doing programming and come across particular issue that is barrier to achieving results (but maybe not most important barrier or one project / Mission should focus on)		
Previous successful experience	e.g. Mission Director did successful banking reform in previous country so start focus there		

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# **FACTORS THAT PRIORITIZE POLICY REFORMS**

Impact
Support
Opposition
Complexity

Cost
implications

BUT ... What about the rest of your program?

# AN ABUNDANCE OF CHOICES

Many different ways can focus your policy reforms ...

- <u>National</u>: effect broad array of businesses
- Local/regional: often easier
  - often able to address issues that are more relevant to particular priorities of sector / Value Chain
- Opportunistic: e.g. clean sweep presidential election results in opportunity to change policy that would never otherwise be able to address
- VC / sector: use the structure of the Value
   Chain already working in

# **SELECTING WHAT TO FOCUS ON**



For example:

- Impact of policy reform does not necessarily correspond with challenge or likelihood of success
- Sometimes time sensitive (small window of time to consider what is urgent and important, and to act on it)

Local policy barriers are often lower cost and easier to change than national barrier

Key support with relevant decision makers

# IT OFTEN RELATES TO THE IMPLEMENTATION ...

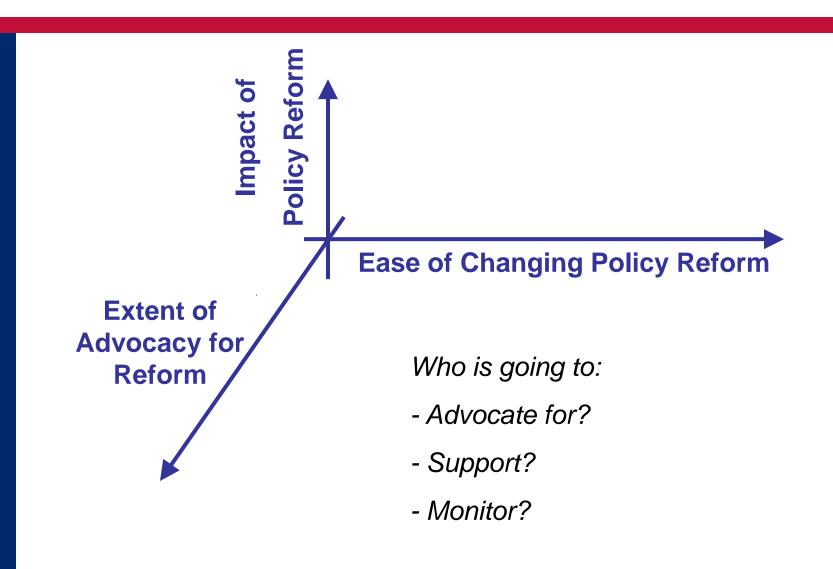
... While the implementation of national policy varies
 → there is room for further simplification of business procedures in each province

	Bac Ninh	Hai Phong	Binh Dinh
# of Steps	98	70	51
# of Requirements	13	6	7
# of Days	28	24	11
# of Visits Needed	10	7	7

Vietnam: Overall comparison between 3 provinces

Source: International Finance Corporation (IFC)

# **SELECTING WHAT TO FOCUS ON**



# USING VALUE CHAIN AS FRAMEWORK FOR MOVING **AHEAD**

#### Could use Value Chain as:

- context for assessing policy barriers

# Business Enabling Environment - starting point for framing policy program

## Key benefits:

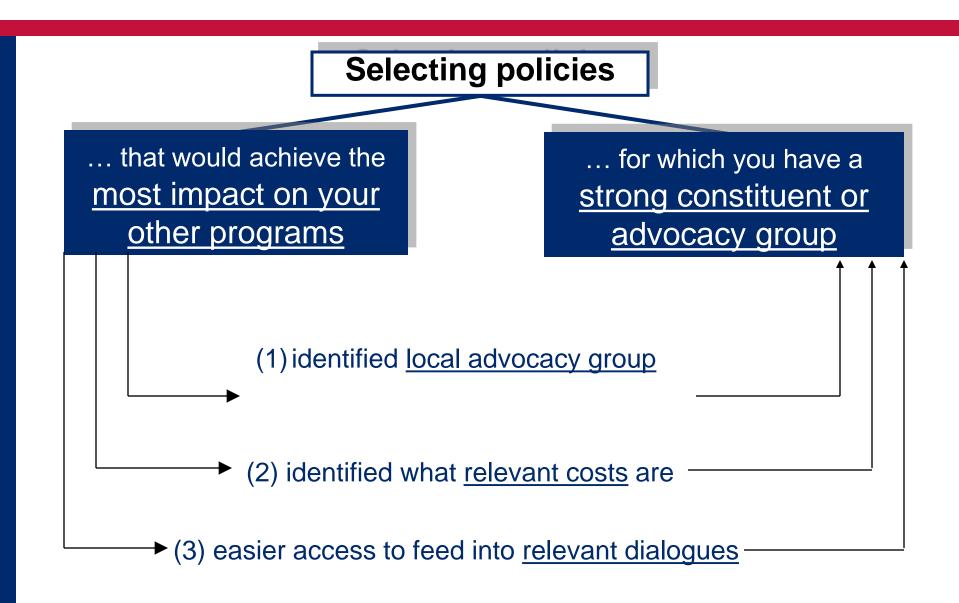
- 1. ... can obtain qualitative information from people in Value Chain
- 2. ... on what the policy reforms are that really matter to people in Value Chain

3. ... because national policy studies might not reflect what issues effect the players in the Value Chain

Global Business Enabling Environment

Local / National

## USING VALUE CHAIN AS STRATEGIC POINT OF ENTRY



# USING VC AS FRAMEWORK FOR MOVING AHEAD

Derive Measure of the Impact of Policy Barriers on the VC



Inform Advocacy Group

Engage in internal dialogue with VC on issue

Obtain <u>specific</u>, <u>tangible examples</u> of VC related info that is critical to advocacy with Government

E.g. Speak to policy makers, players in VC, intermediaries connected to chain

Might find that <u>issues they are complaining</u> <u>about are not really the problem</u> ...

- e.g. complaining of high fertilizer prices / monopoly, but maybe monopoly exists because tariffs so high that can only support 1 fertilizer provider E.g. "international fertilizer price comparison for cashews" has far more impact than simply saying "will benefit cashew industry"

## SOMETIMES IT PAYS TO START SMALL

Working with business often shows Short Term economic response. Therefore Value Chain link can be extremely strategic to policy reform

because ... e.g. in one season can see obvious change in competitiveness of product because price drops.

# Policy reform is a process.

Small, more discreet steps, that are successful, can set the stage for later, broader reforms.

# THERE IS ROOM FOR CREATIVITY

General consideration is around advocacy solutions ... but important to look at other examples of what can be done ...

# Example:

- Providing incentives for effective behavior instead of for bribing
  - World Bank study reveals that everyone looking for bribes.
     So World Bank said that they will 'pay' the bribe by providing a Performance Bonus to perform efficiently.

## **DISCUSSIONS WITH IMPLEMENTERS!**

"What are the <u>impact of policy</u> <u>barriers</u> on your VC(s)?"

"How have <u>local</u>, <u>regional</u>, <u>and</u> <u>national policy challenges</u> differed?"

"What info do you need to prioritize reforms?"

"What are the <u>factors that</u> <u>enhanced / impeded your progress</u> in policy reform activity?" Were you aware of or did you consider those factors when you decided to engage in the policy reform?"





# **THANK YOU!**

Visit www.microlinks.org for this presentation and related research

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