



April 26, 2023 Virtual

AGENDA

- Introduction
- TFA
- TFSP Updates
- Program Highlights
- Closing Remarks

Trade Facilitation Support Program (TFSP)

TFSP funding supports developing countries in reforming and aligning their trade facilitation laws, procedures, processes, and systems for **full** and **effective** implementation of the WTO TFA

Provision of practical and demanddriven assistance through:

- 1. Technical assistance in developing countries where the WBG helps reform trade facilitation laws, procedures, processes, systems, and consultative mechanisms within the context of the provisions of the WTO TFA
- 2. Facilitation of knowledge sharing, peer-to-peer learning, and the measurement of progress and results

- Launched in 2014
- Hosted by the WBG draws on the expertise of both the World Bank and the International Finance Corporation
- Helps client countries identify constraints, finalize reform priorities, implement reforms
- Supported by:











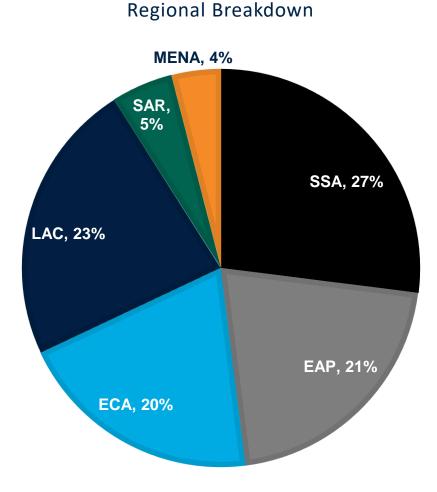








Implementation Support to 56 Countries (as of February 2023)



- Albania
- Angola
- Antigua & Barbuda
- Bangladesh
- Bolivia
- · Bosnia and Herzegovina
- Botswana
- Burundi
- Cambodia
- Costa Rica
- Egypt
- El Salvador
- Eswatini
- Ethiopia
- Fiji
- Georgia
- Grenada
- Guatemala
- Honduras
- Indonesia
- Jamaica
- Kazakhstan
- Kosovo
- Kyrgyz Republic
- Lao PDR
- Lebanon
- Lesotho

- Liberia
- Madagascar
- Malawi
- Moldova
- Mongolia
- Montenegro
- Mozambique
- Myanmar
- Nepal
- Nicaragua
- Panama
- Papua New Guinea
- Peru
- Republic of North Macedonia

Togo

Zambia

Tonga

Vanuatu

Vietnam

- Samoa
- Sao Tome and Principe
- Serbia
- Sierra Leone
- South Africa
- Sri Lanka
- St Kitts & Nevis
- St. Lucia
- Tajikistan
- · Timor-Leste



Partnerships & Collaboration

Partnerships are essential to the optimal delivery of TFSP





















Examples:

Global:

- Advancing efficiencies in safe trade with STDF
- Recommendation No. 38 on TIPs with UN/CEFACT
- TRS (WCO)

Country:

- Georgia: Complemented USAID support on the AEO program
- Vietnam: Collaboration with DFAT bilateral support for the FTA Portal
- Zambia: Donor platform in collaboration with other (incl. EU and FCDO)

OBJECTIVE & BENEFITS OF THE WTO TFA

Objectives	Benefits for Traders	Benefits for Government
Transparency & Fairness	 Predictability Reduced time/costs Creation of a mechanism of accountability for the government 	Better complianceMore informed decisions
Better Governance	Reduced costsReduced delaysReduced complexity	 Better compliance More effective government More efficient government
Modernized Border Procedures and Controls	 Reduce clearance times and costs 	Alignment with modern business practicesMore effective government

TRADE FACILITATION AGREEMENT



Technical Measures



Special and Differential Treatment Provisions For Developing Country

Members and Leastdeveloped Country Members



Institutional
Arrangements and
Final Provisions

Article 1-12

Article 13-22

Article 23-24

KEY TECHNICAL TFA ARTICLES

Transparency Articles 1-5



1. Publication and availability of information



2. Opportunity to comment, information before entry into force and consultation



3. Advance rulings



4. Appeal or review procedures



Other measures to enhance impartiality, non-discrimination and transparency



6. Disciplines on fees and charges imposed on or in connection with importation or exportation

Concerning fees, charges & formalities Articles 6-12



7. Release and clearance of goods



8. Border agency cooperation



Movement of goods under customs control intended for import



Formalities connected with importation and exportation and transit



11. Freedom of transit



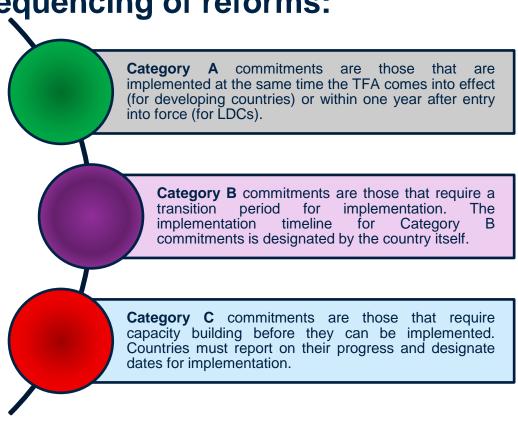
12. Customs cooperation

Institutional Arrangement and Final Provisions
23. National Trade Facilitation Committee

WTO TFA - CATEGORIES

TFA commitments are divided into three categories with different transitional periods for developing countries and LDCs, allowing for sequencing of reforms:

- To prioritize reforms,
 Governments need to assess
 their current alignment with the
 TFA and identify implementation
 gaps.
- A correctly sequenced Reform
 Plan can be used to finalize
 Category A, B and C
 Commitments, and to identify
 indicative and definitive
 implementation dates, and to
 define areas requiring technical
 assistance or capacity building
 support.



TRANSPARENCY PROVISIONS

Donors must provide to the WTO Trade Facilitation Committee:

- Annual information on their assistance programs
- Contact points for their agencies responsible for providing assistance
- Information on the process and mechanisms for requesting assistance and support

Developing Country Members must provide to the Committee:

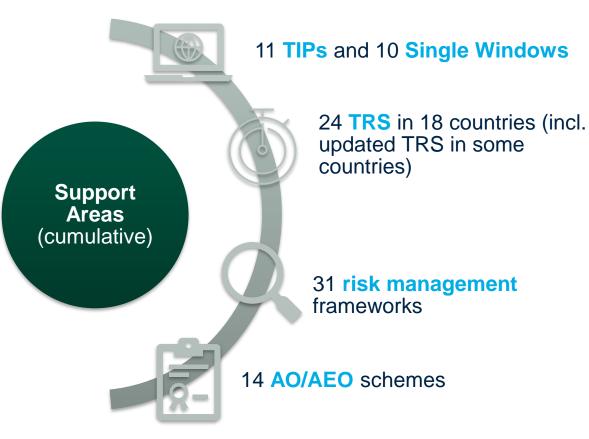
 Information on contact points of the office(s) responsible for coordinating & prioritizing assistance and support

TFSP Program Highlights



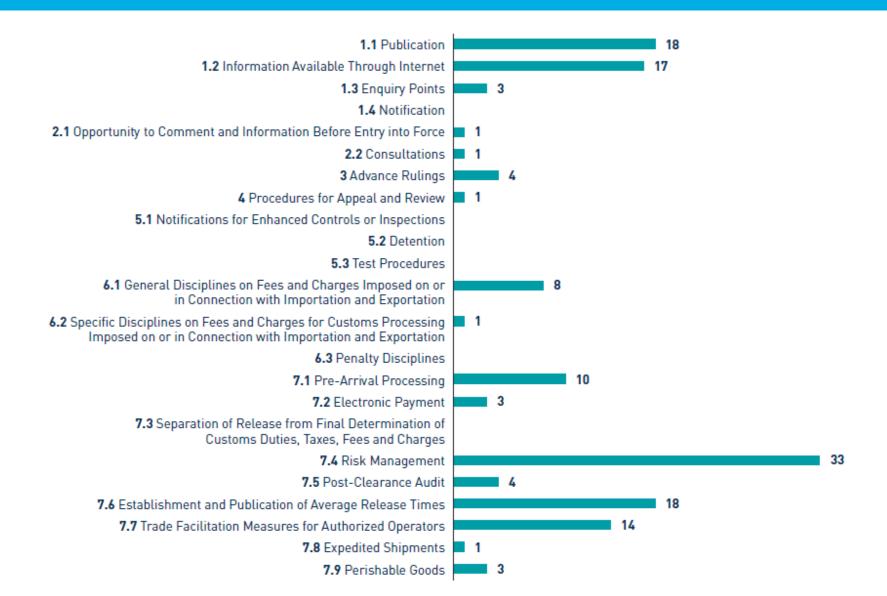
Examples of Key Areas of Support Provided



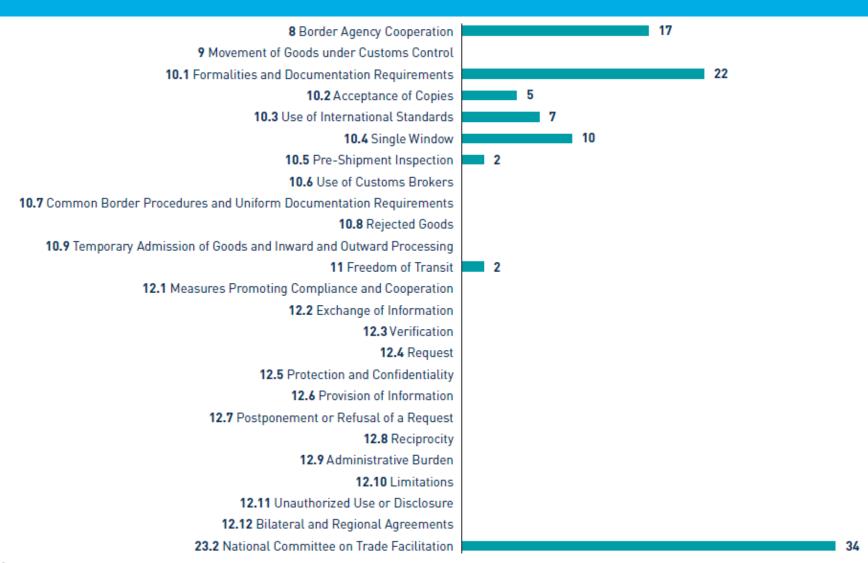




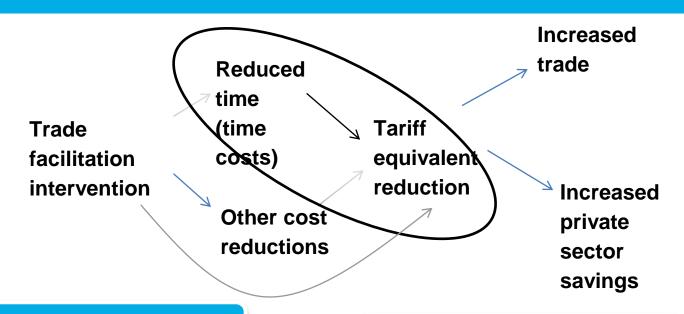
TFSP Support by TFA Measure



TFSP Support by TFA Measure (cont.)



Measuring Firm-Level Impact through Private Sector Savings (PSS)



ECA regional project

- PSS: approx. USD 6 million
- Reforms: reforms made in Albania, Kosovo, Montenegro, North Macedonia, and Serbia, including roll out of AEO programs, support on risk management, and establishment of a One Stop Border Post between Serbia and North Macedonia

South Asia regional project

- PSS: approx. USD 40 + million
- Reforms: support to Nepal and Bangladesh in a variety of areas, including implementation of an Online Licensing Module (OLM) in Bangladesh and improving risk management at the Biratnagar and Birgunj border crossing posts

More examples of PSS calculations for completed projects are available in the TFSP Annual Report

Trade Facilitation and Gender Work

With TFSP funding, the Trade and Gender Study methodology and survey tool was designed to collect quantitative data and identify gender gaps in cross-border trade processes and procedures. The survey was undertaken in 5 Pacific Island countries between 2019-2020.



Since then, the TFSP-developed Trade and Gender Study methodology has been replicated in Brazil, South Africa, the Philippines, and Tajikistan through other funding sources. The survey is planned for Jordan (also through another funding source).



TFSP continues to disseminate the findings and share the importance of collecting such data for inclusive trade.

The work was recently presented at the WTO World Trade Congress on Gender (Dec. 2022), as well as a WBG/TFAF/PIFS Regional Conference (Dec. 2022). The Solomon Islands and Tonga have expressed interest in undertaking this study in their countries.





Lesotho National Single Window

Leveraging technical assistance to make trade faster and more affordable





Lesotho National Single Window

"An online portal for the application, processing and issuance of cross-border regulatory certificates, licenses and permits. It allows parties involved in trade and transport to lodge standardized documents through a single-entry point."

Lesotho Revenue Authority automation reform agenda

- Customs Modernization Program I (2012-2016)
 - ASYCUDA World introduction
- Customs Modernization Program II (2017-2022)
 - ASYCUDA extension & enhancements
 - Strengthening ASYCUDA resilience and disaster recovery preparedness
 - Lesotho National Single Window (LNSW)



Achieving Results in Europe and Central Asia.....

Kosovo AEO

- <u>Reform</u>: Kosovo Customs implemented AEO program.
- <u>Result</u>: To date, 5 AEOs have been certified. 1 AEO cited clearance times have been reduced from >24 hrs to <3 hrs. Overall, import processing times have reduced for all traders by 50% at the borders and over 30% at the inland terminals.

Serbia Transit Agreement

- TRS recommended harmonization of clearance procedures w/ neighboring countries to help the business community.
- <u>Reform</u>: Agreement between Serbia and North Macedonia signed to establish a joint border crossing for international road traffic at Presevo/Tabanovce.
- <u>Result</u>: Exit controls of customs and border police are performed upon entry into each country. As a result, the waiting time for trucks has been reduced from 26 to 10 mins for exports.

Kyrgyz Republic

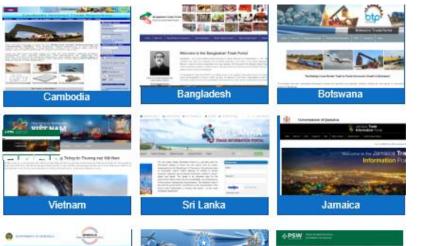
- TRS recommended Customs Administration standardize procedures across locations and introduce a trusted traders regime.
- **<u>Reform</u>**: Customs Administration initiated implementation of these and other improvements, while WBG also trained phytosanitary and veterinary agencies on how to develop risk-based controls.
- <u>Result</u>: 2021 TRS revealed that road import times were <u>reduced</u> to under 9 hrs (compared to close to 20 hrs in 2018).

Trade Information Portal Software Enhancements

Why Toolkit Version 3 (TK3)?

- The concept of TIP started 10 years ago in Lao PDR
- TK2 was introduced approx. 4 years ago
- We now have more than 15 users of TIP and at least 3 more in the pipeline

Pakistan



Somalia

Mongolia



Zambia

We collected good ideas through feedback by users and experience. It's time to upgrade TIP!



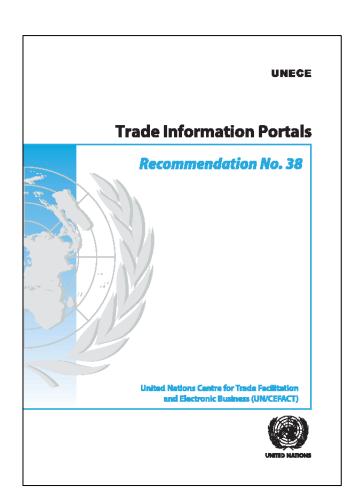
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TIP is an International Standard

The concepts embodied in the World Bank's TIP have gained recognition as the most effective approach to promoting transparency.

UN/CEFACT developed Recommendation No. 38 on good practice for publishing trade information and based it on our TIP.

TK3 will make TIP fully compliant with Recommendation No. 38





TK3 - Features

Features

☐ Tools to create a more modern layout and easier navigation

- 10015 to create a more modern layout and easier havigation
☐ Improved intelligent search facilities
☐ Improved administration dashboard
□ Q&A user experience:
Presents information based on what user wants to do
Dynamic presentation of step-by-step procedure
☐ Uses API to collect trade stats from international sources
□ Data exchange
☐ Use of App technology
☐ Core collection of data points for analysis

New Multimedia Product: Single Window Animation





New Multimedia Product: Trade Facilitation Tips Podcast

New podcast explores the big issues and solutions in the world of trade.

Highlights voices of traders and experts.

First season with six episodes covers key themes: digitization, climate, gender, and more.

Donor attribution is on all platforms.













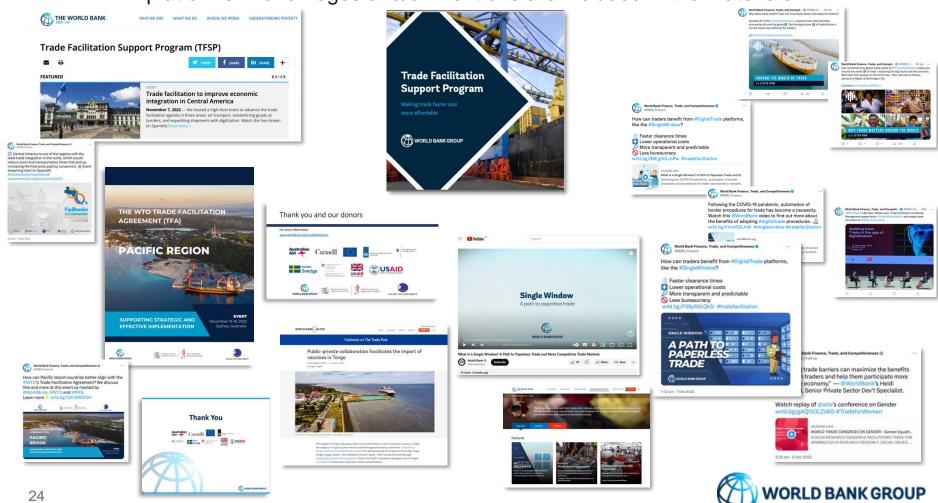


Available on ApplePodcasts, Spotify, and more



Dissemination of TFSP Supported Work and Donor Visibility

Examples of communications materials produced and disseminated on various online platforms. Donor logos and/or mentions are included in the materials.

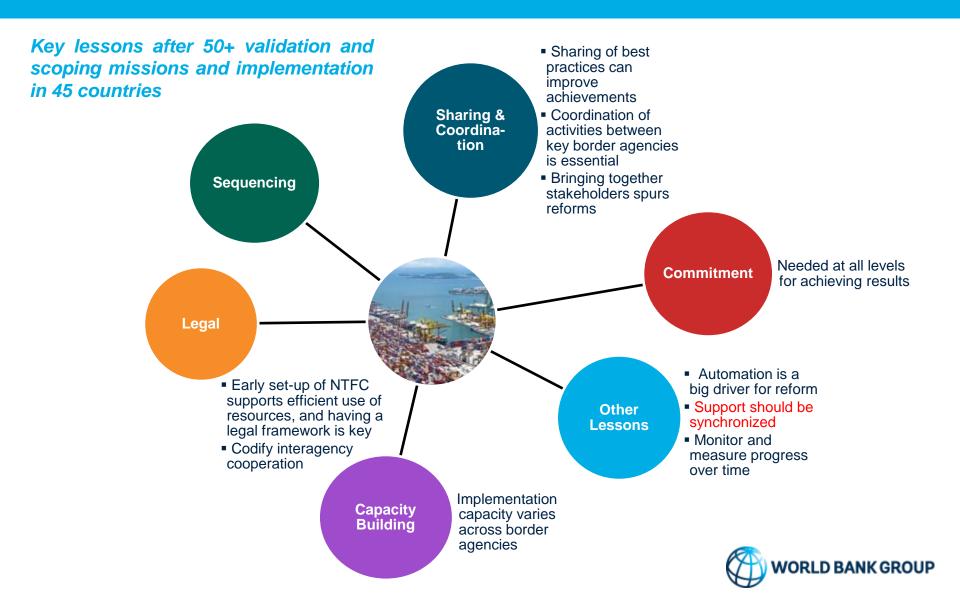


REFORM IS NOT EASY...

- The import-export and transit process is complex
- The average trade transaction involves 20 30 different parties,
 40 separate documents, and around 200 data elements (30 of which are repeated many times)
- Parties have different objectives, incentives, competencies, and constituencies
- The private sector, which is a critical component to success, is often not invited to consult and participate actively
- There may be limited political understanding of international trade and a lack of willingness to drive change in border agencies



LESSONS LEARNED



Looking Ahead





Looking Ahead......

- Designing TF & Climate Impact Monitoring Mechanism for Ports and Land Borders
- □ Scaling up through the design & Implementation of:
 - Border Agency Digitization Gap Analysis
 - Mainstreaming Expedited Shipments for Vaccines, Medical, Food and Emergency/Disaster related Cargo
 - Integrating Supply Chain and Food security and safety into cross border TFA implementation (Ukraine case in point).



Thank You



















